

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/816,909	03/23/2001	Yoh-Han Pao	0655/63835	7514
7590 11/12/2003		•	EXAMINER'	
Richard F. Jaworski			STARKS, WILBERT L	
Cooper & Dunham LLP 1185 Avenue of the Americas			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
New York, NY 10036			2121	10
		DATE MAILED: 11/12/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

ř.						
Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/816,909	PAO ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Wilbert L. Starks, Jr.	2121			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Faill - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 30-49 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 30-49 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
•	ion Papers	·				
10)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Settion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority :	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
* (13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestigation as specific reference was included in the first CFR 1.78. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestigation of the foreign language processes as a claim for domestigation of the foreign language processes as a claim for domestigation of the first sentence of the foreign was included in the first sentence of the certification of the first sentence of the foreign language processes are considered in the first sentence of the certification of of the certific	s have been received. s have been received in Applicativity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). of the certified copies not received priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(ast sentence of the specification of the priority under 35 U.S.C. § 120(ast priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 1	ion No ed in this National Stage ed. e) (to a provisional application) r in an Application Data Sheet. ceived. and/or 121 since a specific			
Attachmen	nt(s)					
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>9</u>	5) Notice of Informal F	r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 09/816,909

Art Unit: 2121

DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 30-49 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousnesstype double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-29 of U.S. Patent No. Art Unit: 2121

6,134,537. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because:

Claim 30

Claim 30 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 30's neural network is taught by the neural network of claim 1 of the prior art; claim 30's training module is taught by the training module of claim 1 of the prior art.

Claim 31

Claim 31 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 31's constraint of values of a covariance matrix is taught by the equalizer and orthogonalizer of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Claim 32

Claim 32 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 32's diagonalization of the matrix is taught by the diagonalization of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Claim 33

Claim 33 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 33's two dimensional map is taught by the output signals of claim 1 and Figure 15 of the cited prior art

Art Unit: 2121

Claim 34

Claim 34 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 34's two dimensional map is taught by the output signals of claim 1 and Figure 15 of the cited prior art

Claim 35

Claim 35 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 35's three dimensional map is taught by the output signals of claim 1 and Figure 2 of the cited prior art.

Claim 36

Claim 36 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 36's "self-supervised training" is taught by the training method of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Claim 37

Claim 37 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 37's "self-organizing" is taught by the training methods of claim 1 and Figures 16A-16D of the cited prior art.

Claim 38

Art Unit: 2121

Claim 38 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 38's nonlinear nodes are taught by the nodes of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Claim 39

Claim 39 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 39's output layer is taught by the output layer of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Claim 40

Claim 40 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 40's neural network is taught by the neural network of claim 1 of the cited prior art; claim 40's training module is taught by the training module of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Claim 41

Claim 41 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 41's constraint of values of a covariance matrix is taught by the equalizer and orthogonalizer of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Claim 42

Claim 32 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 32's diagonalization of the matrix is taught by the diagonalization of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Art Unit: 2121

Claim 43

Claim 43 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 43's two dimensional map is taught by the output signals of claim 1 and Figure 15 of the cited prior art

Claim 44

Claim 44 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 44's two dimensional map is taught by the output signals of claim 1 and Figure 15 of the cited prior art

Claim 45

Claim 45 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 45's three dimensional map is taught by the output signals of claim 1 and Figure 2 of the cited prior art.

Claim 46

Claim 46 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 46's "self-supervised training" is taught by the training method of claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Claim 47

Claim 47 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 47's "processor" and "program storage device" are taught by claim 1 of the cited prior art.

Art Unit: 2121

Claim 1 is a means plus function claim which incorporates the limitations of the Specification. One of those limitations is the following:

Still another advantage of the present invention is the provision of a neural network for organization of pattern data efficiently so as to allow for real-time computation with conventional processing hardware.

Claim 48

Claim 48 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 48's "program storage device" is taught by claim 1 of the cited prior art. Claim 1 is a means plus function claim which incorporates the limitations of the Specification. One of those limitations is the following:

Still another advantage of the present invention is the provision of a neural network for organization of pattern data efficiently so as to allow for real-time computation with conventional processing hardware.

Claim 49

Claim 49 is taught by claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,134,537. Claim 49's "computer data signal" is taught by claim 1 of the cited prior art. Claim 1 is a means plus function claim which incorporates the limitations of the Specification. One of those limitations is the following:

Still another advantage of the present invention is the provision of a neural network for organization of pattern data efficiently so as to allow for real-time computation with <u>conventional processing hardware</u>.

Art Unit: 2121

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Wilbert L. Starks, Jr. whose telephone number is (703) 305-0027.

Alternatively, inquiries may be directed to the following:

C	DF	Anil Khatri	(703)	305-0282
Э.	P. C.	Allii Nilau i	(103)	JUJ-UZUZ

After-final (FAX) (703) 746-7238

Official (FAX) (703) 746-7239

Non-Official/Draft (FAX) (703) 746-7240

WLS

07 November 2003

Simulation St.

Wilbert L. Starks, Jr. Primary Examiner Art Unit - 2121